



The scenario

Subject	Optics / Focus
Length	3:01
Main objectives	Describe the representation of objects using a conjunction.
Detailed objectives	
Structure and description of experiments:	
1. Introduction	Description: The motivation for the experiment will be to investigate the imaging properties of lenses.
2. Main subject	Description: Understand the imaging of objects using lenses depending on the distance from the optical system.
Part 1	
(0:40),	Tools: Glass cup, water, object (1)
Experiment 1 (0:51),	Description: Fill the glass with water. The object (number 1 on the paper) is moved just behind the glass in the horizontal direction. We observe that the number 1 has the same shape (it is slightly enlarged). We then move the object back and observe the same thing again behind the glass of water.
Experiment 2 (1:31),	Subsequently, we move the paper with the number 1 10-20 cm back and again move it behind the glass in a horizontal direction. We observe that 1 has "turned" (right-left direction). When scrolling back, we again observe the rotation of the number 1.
Experiment 3 (2:21),	In the next phase, we move 1 behind the glass of water and gradually move it away from the glass. We observe that at a certain distance from the cup, 1 "turns" in the right-left direction. When we then move the paper with the number 1 back to the glass, we again observe the rotation of 1 at a certain distance from the glass. The place where the rotation of the digit 1 occurs in this experiment is called the focal point of the imaging system.
	Questions: How would the experiment change if there was no water in the glass?
	Conclusions: A glass of water acts as a lens and depending on the distance of the object - 1 from the glass it changes shape - the object rotates in the right-left direction after passing the focal length of the optical system.
3. Summary, evaluation and notes	Application: the working principle of lenses, magnifiers, Based on the given experiment, we can explain the functioning of the eye and the principles of imaging, the creation of a direct and inverted image.







Level: primary school (ISCED 2 / 8th grade)

