

### The scenario

<b>Subject</b>	<b>Electromagnetism / A complex electrical circuit</b>
<b>Length</b>	3:51
<b>Main goals</b>	Get familiar with complex electrical circuits
<b>Detailed goals</b>	to show that voltage divides into several devices in series connection and switching off one of them will brake circuit; to show that voltage is the same in parallel connection and switching off one of them will make no change in the rest of the circuit
<b>Structure and description of experiments:</b>	
<b>1. Introduction</b>	Everyday life has plenty of examples of parallel connections and so few of series. We will show both of them with differences.
<b>2. Main subject</b>	A complex electrical circuit
<b>Experiments</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. We have 3 lightbulbs with the same power ratings, what we show connecting them in parallel (230 V) and turning on.</li> <li>2. Now we put those 3 lightbulbs in a more complicated circuit having one bulb in series with two connected in parallel.</li> <li>3. We observe that the one in series shines bright and those two in parallel shine less, but equally.</li> <li>4. We shall swap the bulbs to show that in each configuration the result is the same and the bulbs were not changed with other ones with other power ratings.</li> <li>5. If we unscrew one of the two in parallel, we will have two in series and the other from parallel connection will shine much brighter.</li> <li>6. If we unscrew the one that was in series all of them go out.</li> </ol>
<b>3. Summary, evaluation and remarks</b>	<p>In each case described above a question can be stated: will the bulbs shine? Which one, if not all? Which will shine the most and which the least?</p> <p><b>Level:</b> primary school and secondary school</p>